

Tracking Social Media with Google Analytics

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think
beyond
the clickTM

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Creating Campaign Tracking Code

Visit <http://www.google.com/support/analytics/bin/answer.py?hl=en&answer=55578> or alternatively search for 'URL builder' in Google.

Website URL - Enter the URL you will be linking to from your social media activity.

Campaign Source - Enter the name of the social channel / site you are linking from, e.g. twitter.com

Campaign Medium - Will group your campaign sources together in your reports so enter Social or Social Media.

Campaign Name - Choose a more specific identifier for your campaign, e.g. twitter outreach.

Step 1: Enter the URL of your website.

Website URL: *
(e.g. <http://www.urchin.com/download.html>)

Step 2: Fill in the fields below. **Campaign Source**, **Campaign Medium** and **Campaign Name** should always be used.






Campaign Source: *	<input type="text" value="twitter"/>	(referrer: google, citysearch, newsletter4)
Campaign Medium: *	<input type="text" value="social"/>	(marketing medium: cpc, banner, email)
Campaign Term:	<input type="text"/>	(identify the paid keywords)
Campaign Content:	<input type="text"/>	(use to differentiate ads)
Campaign Name*:	<input type="text" value="twitter outreach"/>	(product, promo code, or slogan)

Step 3

Click on **Generate URL** and copy and paste the resulting text instead of your usual URL.

You can find your campaign report in Google Analytics under '**Traffic Sources**' and '**Campaigns**'

Campaign traffic sent 1,187 visits via 11 mediums

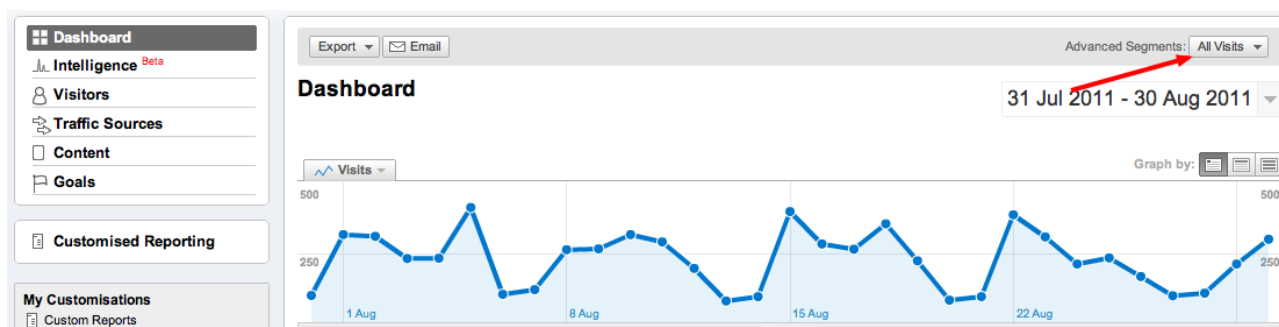
Site Usage		Goal Set 1	Goal Set 2	Goal Set 3	Views:     			
Visits	Pages/Visit	Avg. Time on Site	% New Visits	Bounce Rate				
1,187	1.92	00:04:15	42.04%	56.28%				
% of Site Total: 16.15%	Site Avg: 1.60 (20.17%)	Site Avg: 00:03:02 (39.66%)	Site Avg: 54.52% (-22.90%)	Site Avg: 44.82% (25.55%)				
Medium	None	Visits	Pages/Visit	Avg. Time on Site	% New Visits	Bounce Rate		
1. twitter		5	1.20	00:00:17	80.00%	80.00%		
2. scap		2	1.50	00:02:27	100.00%	50.00%		
3. rss		599	2.00	00:02:32	48.58%	69.62%		
4. podcast		91	3.00	00:04:06	42.86%	49.45%		
5. emailnewsletter		1	1.00	00:00:00	0.00%	100.00%		
6. email		464	1.66	00:06:45	30.17%	38.36%		
7. cpc		1	2.00	00:00:18	0.00%	0.00%		
8. Referred		1	1.00	00:00:00	100.00%	100.00%		
9. Organic search		13	1.00	00:00:00	100.00%	100.00%		
10. Online other		8	1.00	00:00:00	100.00%	100.00%		

This even works when the URL with tracking code is minified.

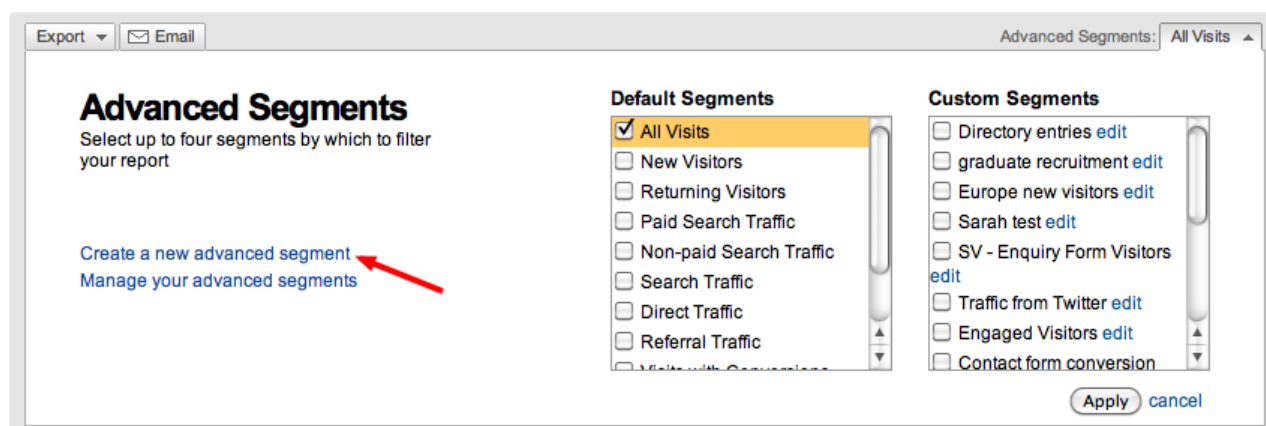
Creating an advanced segment for social media traffic

Login to Google Analytics and navigate to your dashboard report.

Find and click on the **Advanced Segments** drop-down button at the top right hand side of the report.



Choose the **'Create a new advanced segment'** option in the drop-down menu



Advanced segments in Google Analytics are constructed from blocks which allow or disallow certain segments of traffic; in this case we need just one block.

Open the **traffic sources** drop-down categorised beneath the **dimensions** filters. Find the **Source** box and drag it up in to the empty **dimension or metric** box.

Change the **condition** to read **matches regular expression**

Under **value** input the following regular expression:

facebook.com|twitter.com|linkedin|del.icio.us|delicious.com|technorati|digg.com|hotsuite|stumbleupon|netvibes|bloglines|faves.com|aim.com|friendfeed|blinklist|fark|furl|newsgator|prweb|msplinks|myspace|bit.ly|tr.im|cli.gs|zi.ma|popr|tinyurl|ow.ly| reddit

This should cover most of the social sites you might receive referring traffic from. If you promote yourself on any other social sites you can add them on to the end of the list using the pipe character | to separate each entry.

Out of a total of ? visits... Test Segment

Source Condition Value

Matches regular expression facebook.com|twitter.com

or

Add "or" statement

and

Add "and" statement

...this segment matches ? visits Test Segment

Name segment: Social Media Referral Traffic Create Segment Create and Apply to Report Cancel

Finally give the segment a nice name and create the segment. You can check that the segment works properly by visiting your **traffic sources** report with the segment enabled.

Site Usage		Goal Set 1	Goal Set 2	Goal Set 3	Views: [Grid] [List] [Table] [Chart]		
Visits 241 % of Site Total: 100.00%	Pages/Visit 1.51 Site Avg: 1.53 (-0.82%)	Avg. Time on Site 00:04:15 Site Avg: 00:04:15 (0.00%)	% New Visits 48.13% Site Avg: 48.13% (0.00%)	Bounce Rate 39.00% Site Avg: 39.00% (0.00%)			
Source	None	Visits ↓	Pages/Visit	Avg. Time on Site	% New Visits	Bounce Rate	
1. facebook.com		71	1.00	00:03:00	36.62%	35.21%	
2. twitter.com		58	2.09	00:10:11	37.93%	43.10%	
3. stumbleupon.com		45	1.51	00:00:06	100.00%	64.44%	
4. linkedin.com		42	1.57	00:02:12	40.48%	28.57%	
5. hootsuite.com		17	1.94	00:03:40	17.65%	11.76%	
6. technorati.com		5	1.00	00:00:22	40.00%	0.00%	
7. delicious.com		1	0.00	00:58:20	0.00%	0.00%	
8. m.facebook.com		1	1.00	00:00:00	100.00%	100.00%	
9. static.ak.facebook.com		1	0.00	00:00:00	0.00%	0.00%	

Filter Source: containing [] Go Advanced Filter Go to: 1 Show rows: 10 1 - 9 of 9

Filtering Social Media Traffic

Navigate to the [Analytics Settings](#) screen where you should see your existing profiles.

Create a new profile with the [Add new profile](#) button.

Warning - if you do not create a new profile you may irretrievably lose data.

Website Profiles								+ Add new profile	
Name↑	Reports	Status	Visits	Avg. Time on Site	Bounce Rate	Completed Goals	Visits % Change	Actions	

Add a profile for an existing domain and choose the domain you want to filter in the [select domain](#) dropdown. Give the new profile a nice name such as Social Media Filter and click [finish](#).

Create New Website Profile

Choose Website Profile Type

Please decide if you would like to create an additional profile for an existing domain, or create a profile to track a new domain.

Add a Profile for a **new** domain or Add a Profile for an **existing** domain

Add a Profile for an existing domain

Select Domain:

Profile Name:

Apply Cost Data:

Cost source from AdWords for user 600-368-0329

Once you have created the new profile return to the [Analytics Settings](#) screen and find the [edit](#) button by the new profile:

☆ Social Media Filter	View report	⊕	0	00:00:00	0.00%	0	N/A	Edit Delete
-----------------------	-----------------------------	---	---	----------	-------	---	-----	---

Scroll down to the filters box and click the [add new filter](#) link.

Filters Applied to Profile ?				+ Add Filter	
FILTER_NAME	Filter Type	Settings	Remove		
0 Filters. Learn more about filters, how to create them or see examples.					

Referring Traffic Filter

First set up a filter which only tracks referring traffic (We don't want to miss any potential new social referrers!)

On the filter setup screen:

Select **Add new Filter for Profile**

Filter Name - Referrer Traffic Only

Filter Type - Choose Custom Filter - Exclude

Filter field - Choose Campaign Medium

Filter Pattern - Enter `organic|(none)|direct|cpc|image`

Case Sensitive - Select No

Choose method to apply filter to Website Profile

Please decide if you would like to create a new filter or apply an existing filter to the Profile.

Add new Filter for Profile or Apply existing Filter to Profile

Enter Filter Information

FILTER_NAME:

Filter Type: Pre-defined filter Custom filter

Exclude
 Include
 Lowercase
 Uppercase
 Search and Replace
 Advanced

Filter Field:

Filter Pattern:

Case-sensitive: Yes No

[Learn more about regular expressions](#)

Social Media Medium Filter

Next we will group all of our known social media channels into a new medium named Social Media.

Click the **add new filter** link again and on the filter setup screen enter the following details:

Filter Name – Referrer Traffic Only

Filter Type - Choose Custom Filter - Advanced

Field A -> Extract A - choose Campaign Source and add our social networks regular expression as the **value**:

facebook.com|twitter.com|linkedin|del\.icio\.us|delicious\.com|technorati|digg.com|hotsuite|stumbleupon|netvibes|bloglines|faves.com|aim.com|friendfeed|blinklist|fark|furl|newsgator|prweb|msplinks|myspace|bit.ly|tr.im|cli.gs|zi.ma|popr|tinyurl|ow.ly

Field B -> Extract B – leave these blank

Output To -> Constructor – Choose Campaign Medium and name it Social Media

Field A Required - Yes

Field B Required - No

Override Output Field - Yes

Case Sensitive - No

Please note that our regular expression above has been truncated as we are allowed at most 255 characters in our field extract value.

Choose method to apply filter to Website Profile

Please decide if you would like to create a new filter or apply an existing filter to the Profile.

Add **new** Filter for Profile or Apply **existing** Filter to Profile

Enter Filter Information

FILTER_NAME:

Filter Type: Pre-defined filter Custom filter

- Exclude
- Include
- Lowercase
- Uppercase
- Search and Replace
- Advanced

Field A: -> Extract A

Field B -> Extract B

Output To -> Constructor

Field A Required Yes No

Field B Required Yes No

Override Output Field Yes No

Case-sensitive Yes No

[? Filter Help: Advanced](#)

Full Referral Path Filter

Finally we create a filter which will provide the full path of our referrers so that we can identify traffic from various campaigns even if they from the same social channel. This data is crucial if you are trying to compare the traffic arriving from two distinct profiles on Twitter.

This filter provides this data in the **user defined** report under **visitors**.

Filter Name - Full Referral Path

Filter Type - custom filter - advanced

Field A -> Extract A - choose **referral** and enter the value **(.*)**

Field B -> Extract B - none

Output To -> Constructor - choose **user defined** and enter the value **\$A1**

Field A Required - **yes**

Field B Required - **no**

Override Output Field - **yes**

Case Sensitive - **no**

Enter Filter Information

FILTER_NAME:

Filter Type: Pre-defined filter Custom filter

Exclude
 Include
 Lowercase
 Uppercase
 Search and Replace
 Advanced

Field A -> Extract A

Field B -> Extract B

Output To -> Constructor

Field A Required Yes No

Field B Required Yes No

Override Output Field Yes No

Case-sensitive Yes No